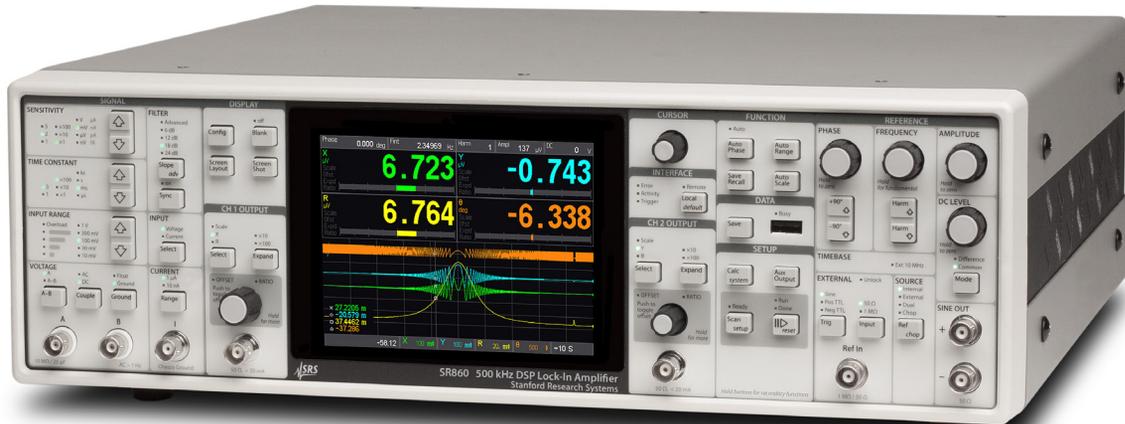


500 kHz Lock-In Amplifier

SR860 — 500 kHz dual phase lock-in amplifier



SR860 500 kHz Lock-In Amplifier

- **1 mHz to 500 kHz frequency range**
- **Low-noise current and voltage inputs**
- **Touchscreen data display - large numeric results, chart recordings, & FFT displays**
- **10 MHz timebase input and output**
- **Dual reference mode**
- **GPIO, RS-232, Ethernet and USB**
- **HDMI video output**



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Superb performance. Outstanding value. They're what you've come to expect from a Stanford Research Systems lock-in amplifier. And they're delivered by the new SR860 500kHz Lock-in Amplifier, the latest in a line of innovative lock-ins from SRS. With unparalleled analog performance, sophisticated new digital signal processing features, a thoroughly modern, intuitive user interface, and a wide range of computer connectivity options, the SR860 is the ideal choice for any synchronous detection application.

With over 30 years of lock-in design experience SRS has made every effort to optimize each detail of the SR860. From a hefty toroidal transformer that eliminates switch-mode noise to iOS connectivity that brings the lock-in to your cell phone to advanced DSP filters that eliminate more noise while speeding up your experiment, the SR860 is truly the ultimate lock-in amplifier.

Signal Inputs

Lock-in performance starts at the front end. The SR860 front end offers both state-of-the-art voltage and current input amplifiers. The voltage input is a switchable single-ended/differential JFET-pair amplifier with $2.5 \text{ nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ of noise at 1 kHz and under $10 \text{ nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ of noise at 10 Hz. The voltage input has a $10 \text{ M}\Omega$ input impedance and can be AC or DC coupled. Input connector shields can be connected to the instrument ground through a user selectable 10Ω (Ground) or $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ (Float) resistor.

SR860 500 kHz Lock-In Amplifier



SRS current source and several SRS preamplifiers

The SR860's built-in current amplifier represents a significant improvement over previous designs. The current input range is selectable from $1\ \mu\text{A}$ or $10\ \text{nA}$. The $1\ \mu\text{A}$ range has $400\ \text{kHz}$ of bandwidth and $130\ \text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ of noise, while the $10\ \text{nA}$ range offers $2\ \text{kHz}$ of bandwidth and $13\ \text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ of noise.

While the built in voltage and current amplifiers are suitable for most applications, the SR860 is also compatible with the complete range of specialized pre-amplifiers offered by SRS. The SR550 (FET input), SR552 (BJT input), SR554 (transformer input), SR555 (120 kHz current amp), and SR556 (low-noise current amp) can all be powered directly from the SR860's rear-panel preamp power port. The SRS website shows you how each of these preamps can be used to optimize measurements in a wide variety of experimental situations.

Sensitivity and Input Range

As with previous instruments, the Sensitivity setting of the SR860 is the voltage (or current) which produces a full scale output. But unlike previous designs, the input range of the SR860 can be explicitly set from the front panel without having to consult a confusing "dynamic reserve" equation. Simply choose the sensitivity required by your experiment and then select the smallest input range that doesn't overload. That's it.

The SR860's effective dynamic reserve is simply the ratio of these two settings. For instance with a $10\ \text{nV}$ sensitivity setting and a $300\ \text{mV}$ input range the effective dynamic reserve of the SR860 is 3×10^7 , or nearly $150\ \text{dB}$.



Large numeric readout with strip chart recording

Output Time Constants and Filtering

The SR860 offers traditional RC-response output time constants from $1\ \mu\text{s}$ to $30\ \text{ks}$ with rolloffs of 6, 12, 18, and $24\ \text{dB/oct}$. But in addition, the SR860 also offers advanced digital filters which can significantly reduce measurement time while increasing signal to noise. Below $3\ \text{s}$, the advanced filters are Gaussian FIR filters which at the same noise bandwidth as an RC filter have significantly better rise-time and stopband attenuation. These filters also have symmetric rise and fall profiles which preserves feature shapes while scanning in frequency. At time constants longer than $3\ \text{s}$, the advanced filters are linear phase IIR filters which settle nearly twice as fast as their RC counterparts for equivalent stopband attenuation.

Synchronous filtering may also be selected at reference frequencies below $4\ \text{kHz}$. The synchronous filter notches out multiples of the reference frequency and is extremely useful in making low frequency measurement where multiples of the reference frequency would otherwise show up in the lock-in output. Unlike previous designs the synchronous filter in the SR860 can be selected with no loss of output resolution.



SR540 Optical Chopper

Reference Channel

The SR860 has a specified reference frequency range of $1\ \text{mHz}$ to $500\ \text{kHz}$. Detection can be done at the fundamental of the reference frequency, or at up to the 99^{th} harmonic. Several reference modes are available: Internal mode uses the SR860's precision internal oscillator as the reference. External mode locks to an external sine or TTL signal. In Dual Mode, the lock-in detects at the difference frequency between the internally set reference frequency and an externally applied sync signal allowing direct recovery of a double-modulated signal. Finally, in Chop mode, the SR860 provides a digital PID (Proportional-Integral-Derivative) controller signal to synchronize an SR540 Optical Chopper to the internal oscillator of the lock-in. By having the lock-in directly control the chopper, frequency drift can be virtually eliminated.

Sine Output

The SR860 offers a precision sine wave output which can be set with 6 digits of frequency resolution and an amplitude range from $1\ \text{nV}$ to $2\ \text{V}$. The SR860 output is unique in that it can be configured as a single-ended or as a differential (balanced) signal. A DC offset of up to $\pm 5\ \text{V}$ can be applied

to the sine output. A rear-panel logic-level sync signal synchronized to the sine output is also provided.

Timebase

Rear-panel 10 MHz inputs and outputs are provided allowing the SR860 to be locked to an external frequency reference (such as the FS725 10 MHz Rubidium Frequency Standard). Alternatively, the 10MHz output from the SR860 can be used to synchronize several lock-ins or other test equipment with a 10 MHz timebase input.



FFT display

FFT Displays

Lock-in amplifiers are traditionally time-domain instruments but sometimes it's easier to understand a signal in the frequency domain. The SR860 is at home in both worlds. An FFT display shows the spectrum of the input signal at the front end, the post-mixer signal, or the spectrum of the signal after the time-constant filters. Using the FFT displays can simplify tracking down sneaky noise sources that would otherwise get lost in the “one-number” output of a conventional lock-in amplifier.



Trend analysis

Front-Panel Touchscreen Display

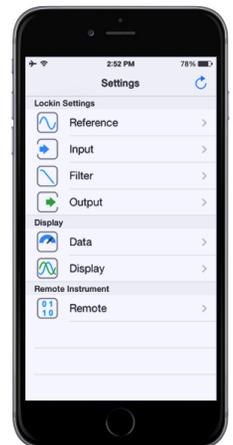
The center of the SR860's front panel is a full-color 640 × 480 touchscreen which can be set to display up to 4 channels of data. (When a dark lab is required, the LCD screen can be blanked from the front panel or from the remote interface.) Each data channel can be configured to display X, Y, R, Θ , Aux In (1-4), Aux Out (1-2), X noise, Y noise, Sine Amplitude, Sine Out DC Level, Reference Phase, or Reference Frequency. The screen can be set up to show the data channels as large numbers, easily visible from across the room, or as a “strip-chart” display showing a complete history of each channel with selectable time scales from 0.5 s/div to 2 days/div. Even when not displaying a measurement, all measurements are always being saved by the SR860 insuring that no data is ever lost. The touchscreen also continually displays key lock-in setup parameters such as phase, reference frequency, and sine amplitude. And a rear-panel HDMI port allows the LCD screen to be viewed on any HDMI monitor or TV.

It should be emphasized that as useful as the touchscreen display is for displaying data, it's not necessary to use the touchscreen to control common instrument functions on the SR860. All commonly used controls: time constant, reference frequency, sine amplitude and offset, input configuration, and more, are controllable with dedicated front panel knobs or buttons. Infrequently accessed configuration settings, such as the TCP/IP settings and other communication settings, are accessed through menus shown on the touchscreen.

Computer Connectivity

The SR860 comes standard with virtually every remote interface imaginable. GPIB (IEEE488.2) and RS-232 are of course provided, as well as USB (Test and Measurement Class) and Ethernet (VXI-11 and telnet). The SR860 hosts its own webserver allowing the instrument to be monitored and controlled remotely with just a browser. And when connected to a Wi-Fi enabled network, the SR860 can be controlled remotely from an iPhone or iPad with free iOS app downloadable from the Apple App Store. The app allows remote configuration of the instrument and monitoring of live data from your handheld device.

A front-panel USB port allows data and screen-shots to a USB flash drive. Data can be saved either as comma delimited files or MATLAB compatible .MAT files. Incorporating screen shots and data into reports or spreadsheets has never been easier.



SR860 Specifications

Signal Channel

Voltage inputs	Single-ended or differential
Sensitivity (output scale)	1 nV to 1 V (voltage input) 1 fA to 1 μ A (current input)
Voltage input range	10 mV to 1 V (peak)
Current input range	1 μ A or 10 nA (peak)
Max input	1 V (peak) or 1 μ A (peak)
Input impedance	
Voltage input	10 M Ω + 25 pF, AC or DC coupled
Current input	1 k Ω or 100 Ω to virtual ground
Gain accuracy	$\pm 1\%$ (<200 kHz) Signal amplitude must be less than 30% of input range
Noise (rms)	2.5 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz (10 mV input range, typ.)
Harmonic distortion	-80 dB (<100 kHz), -60 dB (>100 kHz)
CMRR	90 dB to 1 kHz (DC coupled),
Dynamic reserve	120 dB (typ)

Reference Channel

Frequency range	0.001 Hz to 500 kHz
Timebase	10 MHz In/Out (phase locks the internal frequency to other SR860s)
Input impedance	1 M Ω or 50 Ω
Phase setting resolution	360/2 ³² degrees
Phase noise	
Int. ref	<0.0001° rms at 1 kHz (100 ms, 12 dB/oct)
Ext. ref (typ)	<0.001° rms at 1 kHz (100 ms, 12 dB/oct)
Phase drift (typ)	<0.002°/°C below 20 kHz (DC coupled) <0.02°/°C below 200 kHz <0.2°/°C below 2 MHz
Harmonic detection	Detect at $N \times f_{\text{ref}}$ ($N < 99$ and $(N \times f_{\text{ref}}) < 2$ MHz)
Dual F reference	Detect at $f_{\text{dual}} = f_{\text{int}} - f_{\text{ext}} $
Chopper reference	SR860 drives SR540 Chopper (via Aux Out 4) to lock the chopper to f_{int}

Demodulator

DC stability	Digital output values have no drift
Time constants	1 μ s to 30ks
Low pass filters	Typical RC-type filters or advanced Gaussian/Phase-Linear filters
Filter slope	6, 12, 18 or 24 dB/oct rolloff
Synchronous filter	Available below 4 kHz
Harmonic rejection	-80 dB
Low latency output	Rear-panel BlazeX output with <2 μ s delay (plus LPF rise/fall times).

Internal Oscillator

Frequency range	0.001 Hz to 500 kHz
Frequency accuracy	25 ppm + 30 μ Hz (with internal timebase)
External timebase	10 MHz timebase input/output (on rear panel)
Frequency resolution	6 digits or 0.1 mHz, whichever is greater

Sine Output

Outputs	Single-ended or differential
Output impedance	50 Ω source
Amplitude	1 nVrms to 2 Vrms (amplitude is differential into 50 Ω loads). Output is halved when using in single-ended mode. Output is doubled when driving a high impedance load.
Amplitude resolution	3 digits or 1 nV, whichever is greater
DC offset	± 5 V, differential or common mode
Offset resolution	3 digits or 0.1 mV, whichever is greater
Output limit	± 6 V, sum of DC offset and peak amplitude
Sync	Logic level sync on rear panel (via BlazeX output)

Data

Data channels	Four data channels are displayed and graphed (green, blue, yellow, orange)
Data sources	Each data channel can be assigned any of these data sources: X, Y, R, θ , Aux In 1 to 4, Aux Out 1 to 2, X noise, Y noise, Sine Out Amplitude, Sine Out DC Level, Reference Phase, or Reference Frequency.
Data history	All data sources are continually stored at all chart display time scales. The complete stored history of any data source can be displayed at any time.
Offset	X, Y and R may be offset up to $\pm 999\%$ of the output scale
Expand	X, Y and R may be expanded by $\times 10$ or $\times 100$
Ratio	X and Y may be ratioed by Aux In 3. R may be ratioed by Aux In 4.
Capture buffer	1 Mpoint internal data storage. Store (X), (X and Y), (R and θ), or (X, Y, R and θ) at sample rates up to 1.25 MHz. This is in addition to the data histories for the chart display.
Data streaming	Realtime streaming of data, either (X), (X and Y), (R and θ), or (X, Y, R and θ) at sample rates up to 1.25 MHz over the Ethernet interface.
Scanning	One of the following parameters may be scanned: f_{int} , Sine Out Amplitude, Sine Out DC Level, Aux Out 1 or 2

FFT

Source	Input ADC, demodulator output, or filter output
Record length	1024 bins
Averaging	Exponential rms

Inputs and Outputs

CH1 output	Proportional to X or R ($\pm 10\text{ V}$ full scale thru $50\ \Omega$)
CH2 output	Proportional to Y and θ ($\pm 10\text{ V}$ full scale thru $50\ \Omega$)
X and Y outputs	Proportional to X and Y (rear panel) ($\pm 10\text{ V}$ full scale thru $50\ \Omega$)
BlazeX	Low latency output of X, $\pm 2.0\text{ V}$ full scale or logic level reference sync output, either thru $50\ \Omega$
Aux outputs	4 BNC D/A outputs, $\pm 10.5\text{ V}$ thru $50\ \Omega$, 1 mV resolution
Aux inputs	4 BNC A/D inputs, $\pm 10.5\text{ V}$, 1 mV resolution, $1\text{ M}\Omega$ input
Trigger input	TTL input triggers storage into the internal capture buffer
Signal monitor	Analog output of the signal amplifier
HDMI	Video output to external monitor or TV (640×480 , 60 Hz)
Timebase I/O	1 Vrms, 10 MHz clock to synchronize internal reference to other units

General

Interfaces	GPIB (IEEE-488.2), RS-232, USB and Ethernet
USB flash	Front-panel slot for USB flash storage of screen shots and data
Preamp power	9-pin D connector to power SRS preamps
Power	60 W, 100/120/220/240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Dimensions	17" \times 5.25" \times 17" (WHD)
Weight	22 lbs.
Warranty	One year parts and labor on defects in materials and workmanship

Ordering Information

SR860	500 kHz lock-in amplifier
SR550	Voltage preamplifier (100 M Ω , 3.6 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$)
SR552	Voltage preamplifier (100 k Ω , 1.4 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$)
SR554	Transformer preamplifier (0.091 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$)
SR555	Current preamplifier
SR556	Current preamplifier
SR540	Optical chopper



SR860 front panel



SR860 rear panel